

Broadband Policy

Policy Objectives

Economic development

- Driver of economic development
- Increase access and competition
- Maximize the value of CIP investments
- Lower barriers to enter market
- Provide additional services to tourism based economies

Health Care

- Enable Telemedicine
- Modern healthcare is bandwidth intensive
- Enable "Medical Home" primary care model

Policy Objectives (cont'd)

Education

- Enable distance learning
- Improved access to online resources

Internal Government needs

- Robust Communication
- Signal Management for roads
- Public Safety

Environmental

Enable Telecommuting

CCBC Policy Bank

Conduit

- Shadow Conduit
- Conduit Specs
- Bored Conduit (future work)

Trenching

- Open Trench Notification
- Dig Once
- Micro-trenching (future work)

Wireless

- Policy
- PATH People Against Tinfoil Hats

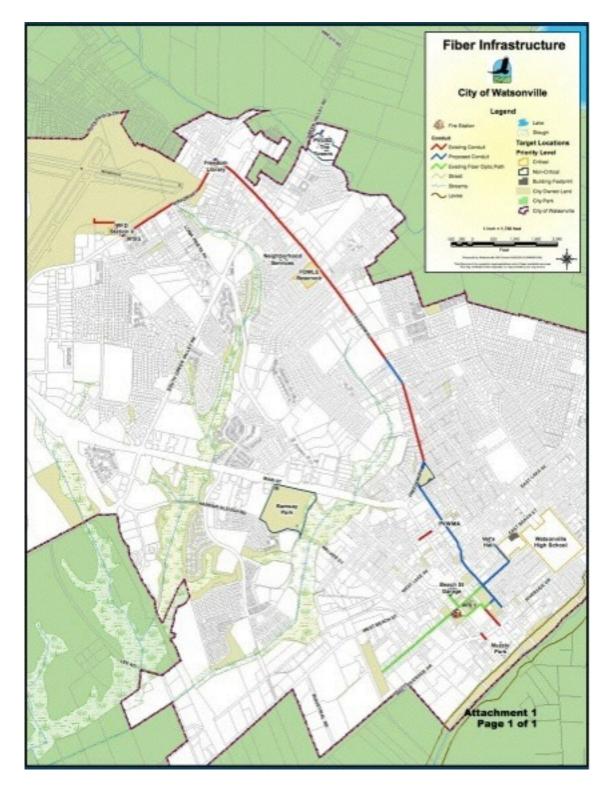
CCBC Policy Bank (cont'd)

- Red Tape Abatement
 - Right of Way
 - Encroachment
 - Permit Fees
- Broadband Master Plan
 - Goals
 - Priorities
 - Master Lease Agreement
 - Local Policies
 - Asset Mapping

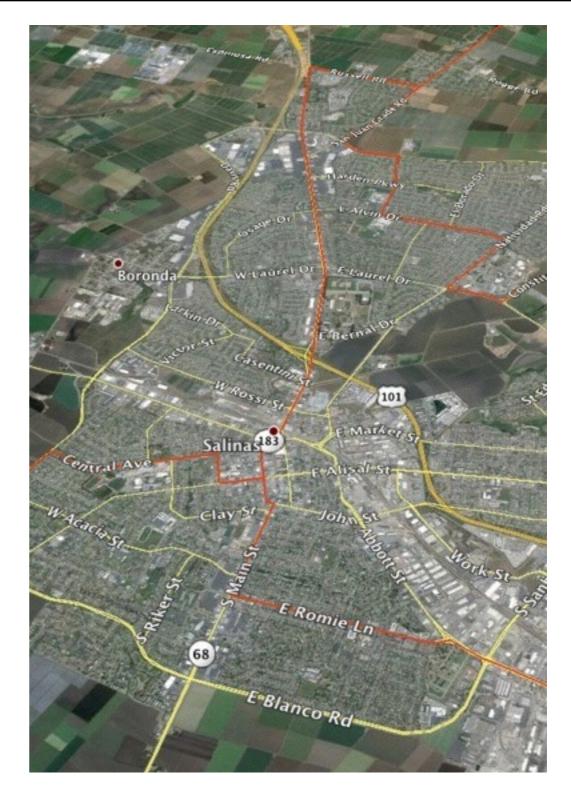
Santa Cruz County adopting broadband policy

- •Moving responsibility to Public Works.
- •Broadband infrastructure subject only to encroachment process, like other utilities.
- "Dig once", infrastructure standards, shadow conduit.
- Model for region and state.









- Watsonville replaced Charter fiber.
- Salinas considering loop



Master Lease Agreement

Trench Policy

Conduit Policy

Shadow Conduit

Dig Once

Open Trench

Microtrench

Boring

GIS Policy

Get Connected

Broadband Master Plan



- Broadband requirements for new development, renovations
- Prioritizing broadband as a planning criterion
- Commercial/industrial vs. residential
- Anticipating and accommodating future needs





- Broadband conduit in CIP, public works, transportation projects
- Open trench policies
- Right of way and encroachment policies
- Conduit, pole, site leasing
- GIS integration



- Telecommuting
- Public services and digital inclusion
- Digital literacy and workforce development
- Systems interoperability, open data programs



Core policies, practices identified and evaluated

- Wireless site, towers and antenna policies
- Environmental and aesthetic issues
- Goal is to make broadband a routine policy consideration and planning element

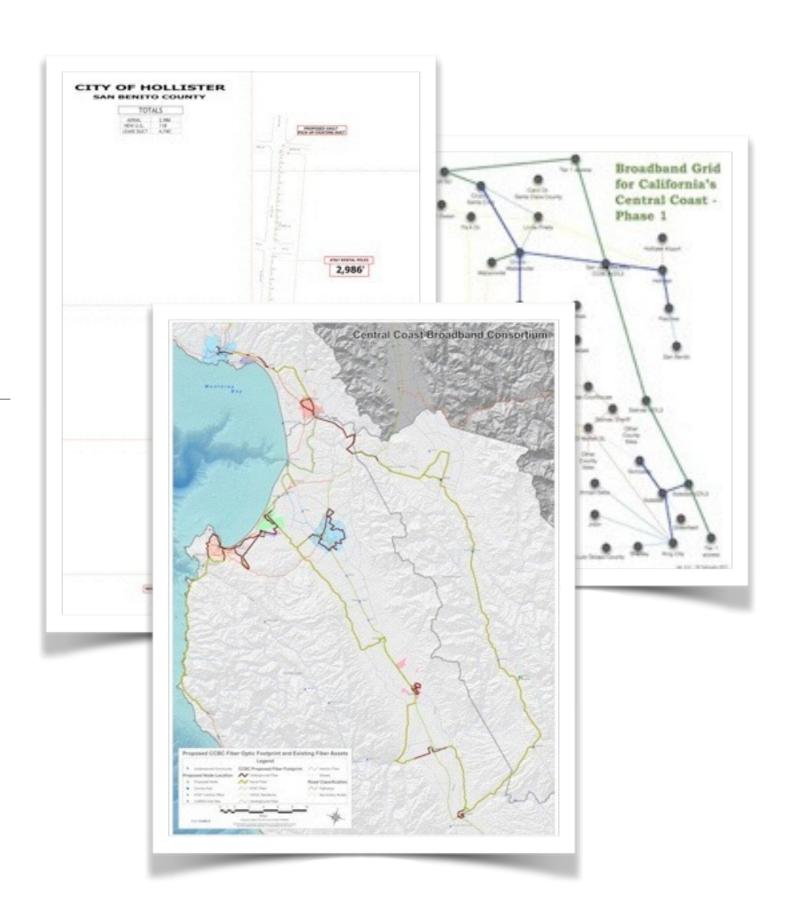


ISP Meeting

22 October 2014

Central Coast Broadband Consortium 4 year project

- Priority is infrastructure and economic development.
- · Funded by CPUC.
- Assist with grant applications.
- Broadband asset inventory.
- · Model policy development.
- Continuing vision and roadmap for broadband development.

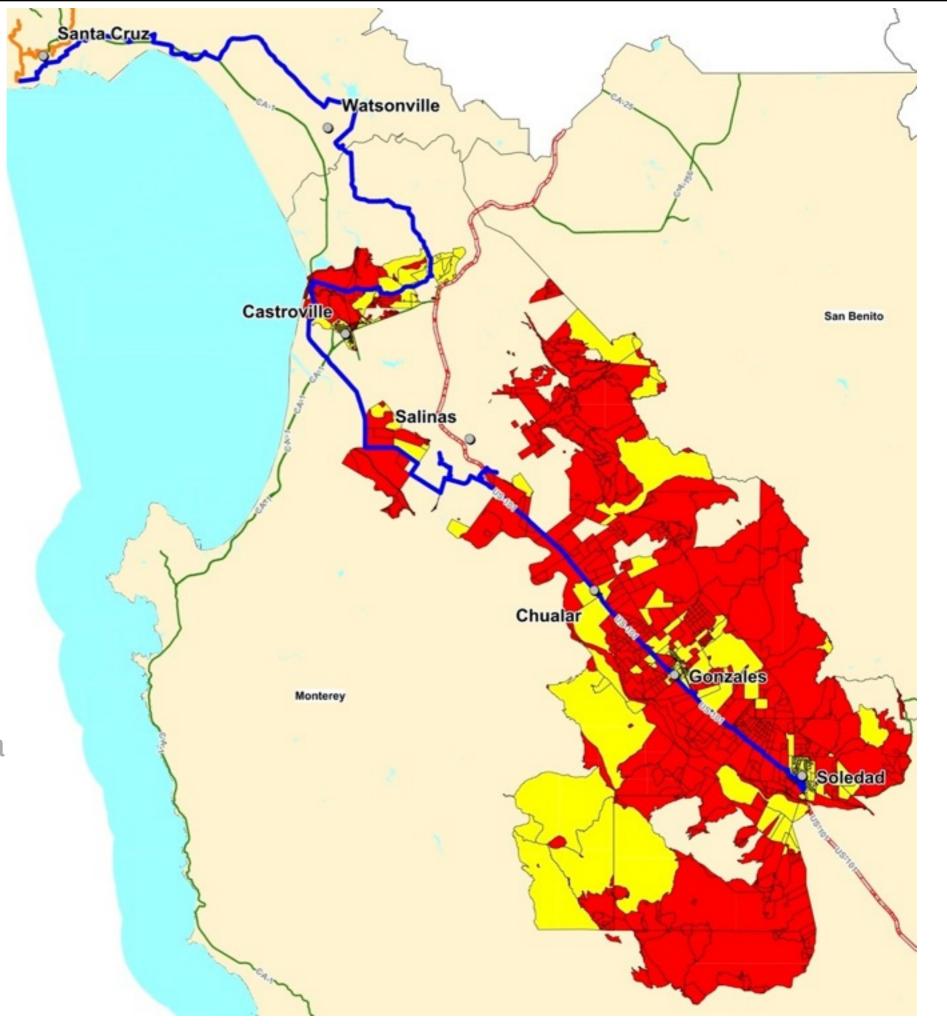


Sunesys-led middle mile project

Approved by CPUC, prep work in progress

8 CASF projects from Central Coast region in last round – 25% of tota

4 approved – 50% success rate



1 November 2014

- Right of first refusal for existing providers
- Commit to buildout with own funds
- Locks out CASF-funded projects for up to 1 year

1 December 2014

- Application window opens, until money is gone
 - Competing proposals allowed after the fact
 - Effectively creates another right of first refusal
- Non-CPCN holders may apply
 - Must include unserved households
 - Financial requirements parallel CPCN process
 - Performance bond required

1 May 2015

- ROFRs start to expire
- Local agencies may apply for unserved areas

31 December 2015

In theory, the program ends

CASF reboot begins

Hoping for faster answers

AB 2272 puts "prevailing wage" requirements on all CASF projects

- Includes portion of project funded by applicant
- Compliance paperwork is applicant's responsibility
- No indication yet as to whether CPUC will increase its contribution

CPUC has adopted priority areas submitted by consortia

12 in CCBC region approved

Public housing program under development

- \$20 million for facilities, \$5 million for adoption programs
- Private sector ISPs can partner with housing agencies

Automatic 10% spiff for successful FCC rural experiment applications

- Applications due at FCC 7 November 2014
- Only ETCs eligible telecommunications carriers are eligible
- Proposals must include voice service

Easier to challenge mobile broadband service claims

Field testing will likely still be necessary to support applications

Other changes

Impact TBD

CCBC priority areas

Monterey County

- 1. Greenfield
- 2. King City
- 3. Gonzales

Regional Wild Cards

- 1. Soledad
- 2. Castroville
- 3. Chualar

Santa Cruz County

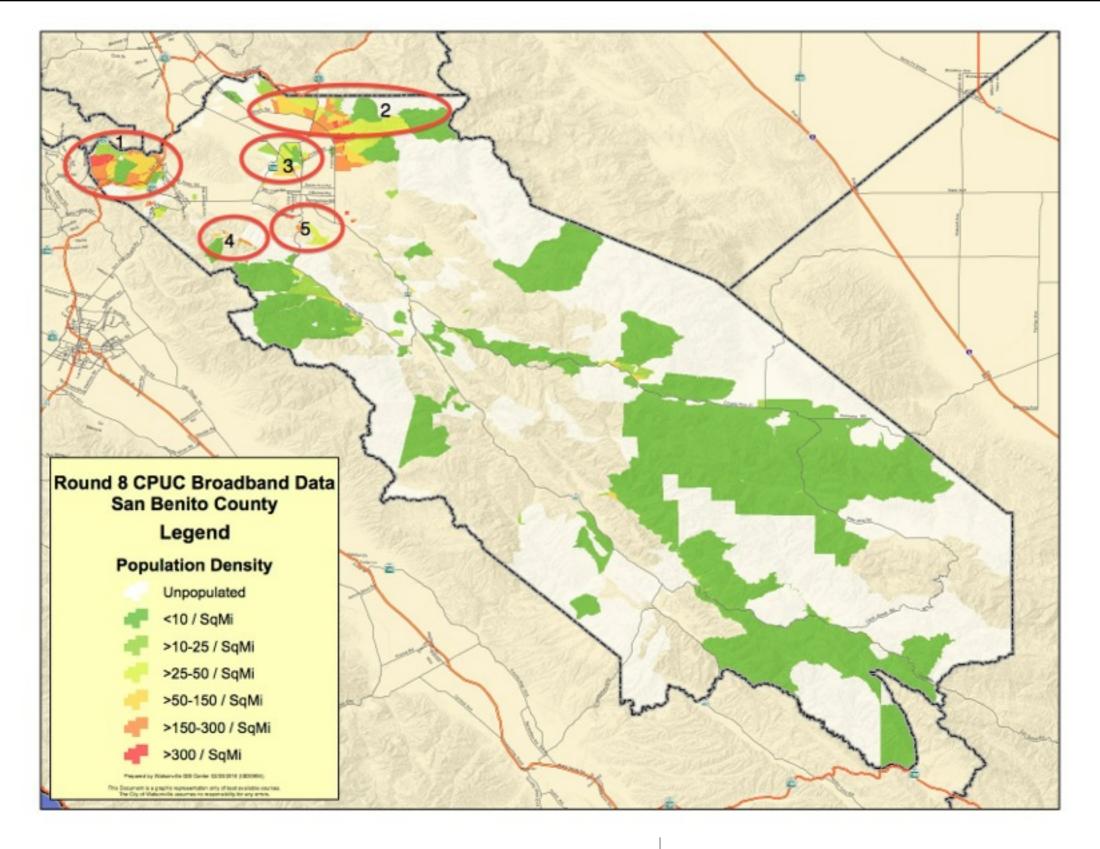
- 1. Pleasure Point/Twin Lakes
- 2. Soquel
- 3. Brookdale

San Benito County

- 1. Aromas area
- 2. Airport/Northeast area
- 3. Cienega Road area

CPUC included all 12 in CASF reboot resolution

Next steps: recruitment of ISPs, more middle mile



Cluster analysis identified San Benito priority areas

Will run for Monterey, Santa Cruz as a check

Mapping analysis

- Under/unserved
- Infrastructure grades
- Population heat maps
- All underlying data and GIS files
- Available for surrounding counties as well

Statistics and demographics

Census data, analysis by census block & zip code for applications

Region-wide analysis will be shared publicly

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Enquiries behind it will be treated confidentially

Application-specific analysis will be treated confidentially

- Caveat: City of Watsonville is a public agency
- Confidentiality maintained only to the extent practical, possible

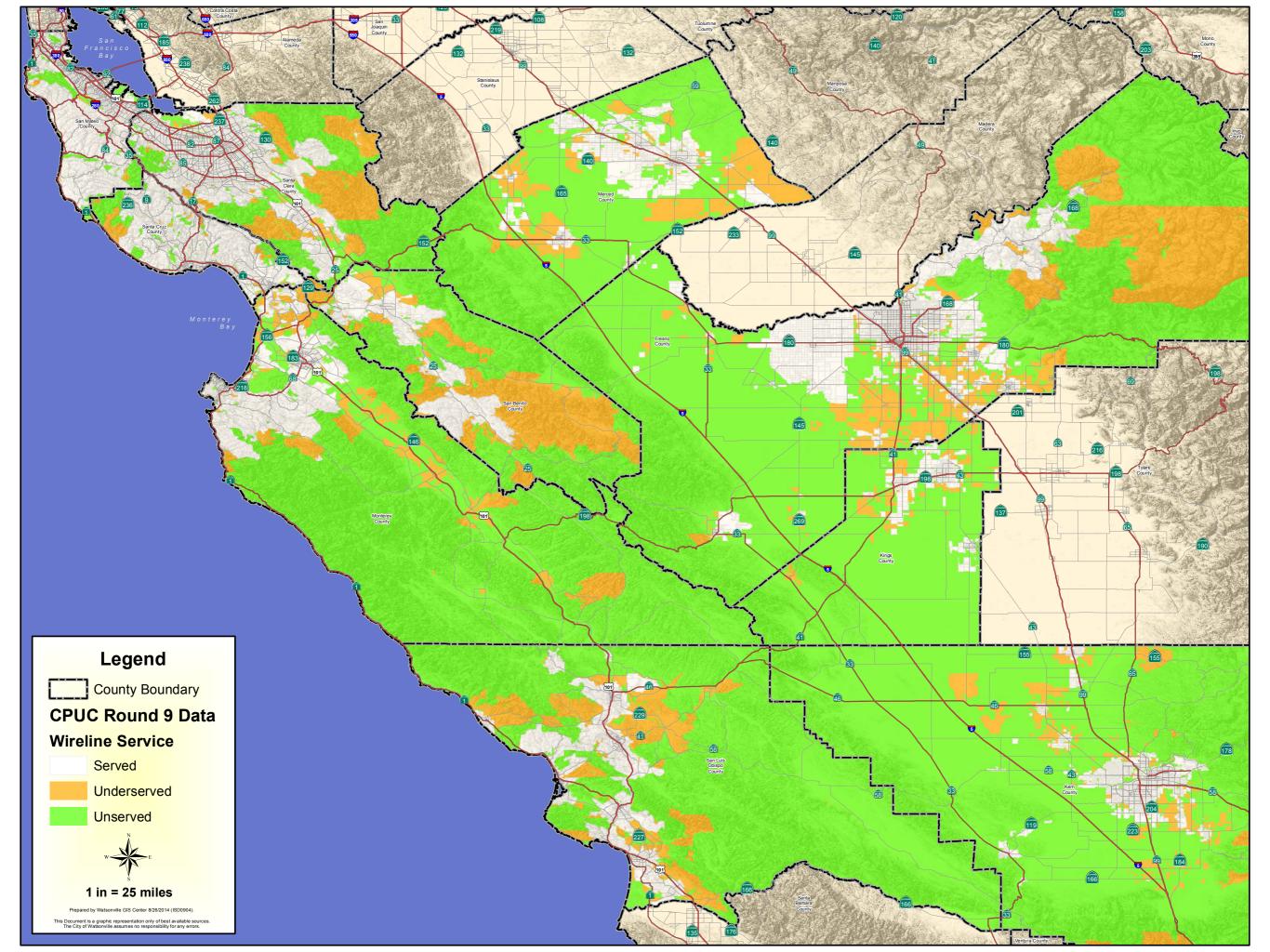
Letters of support

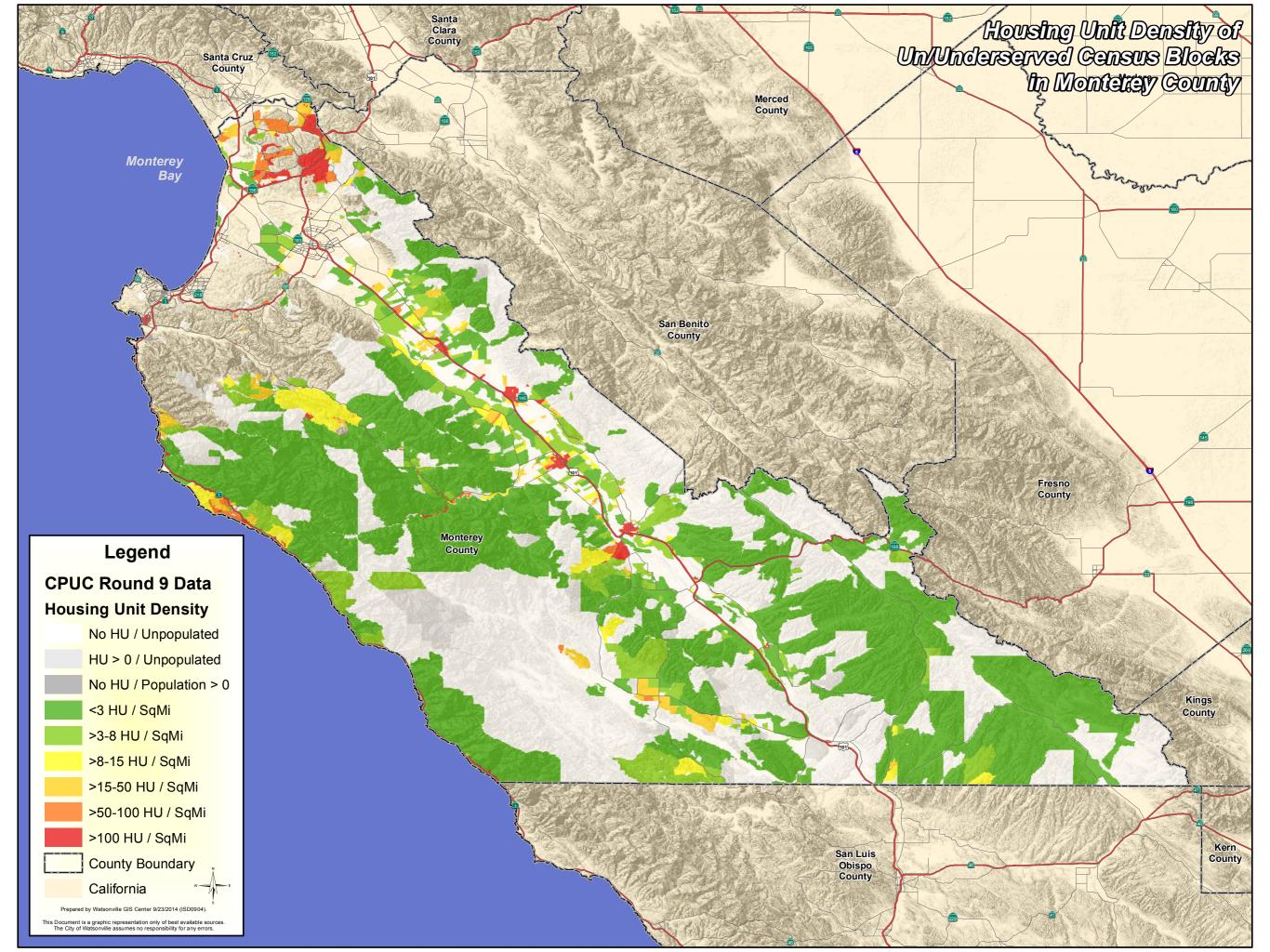
Assisting CETF's "priority of priorities" effort

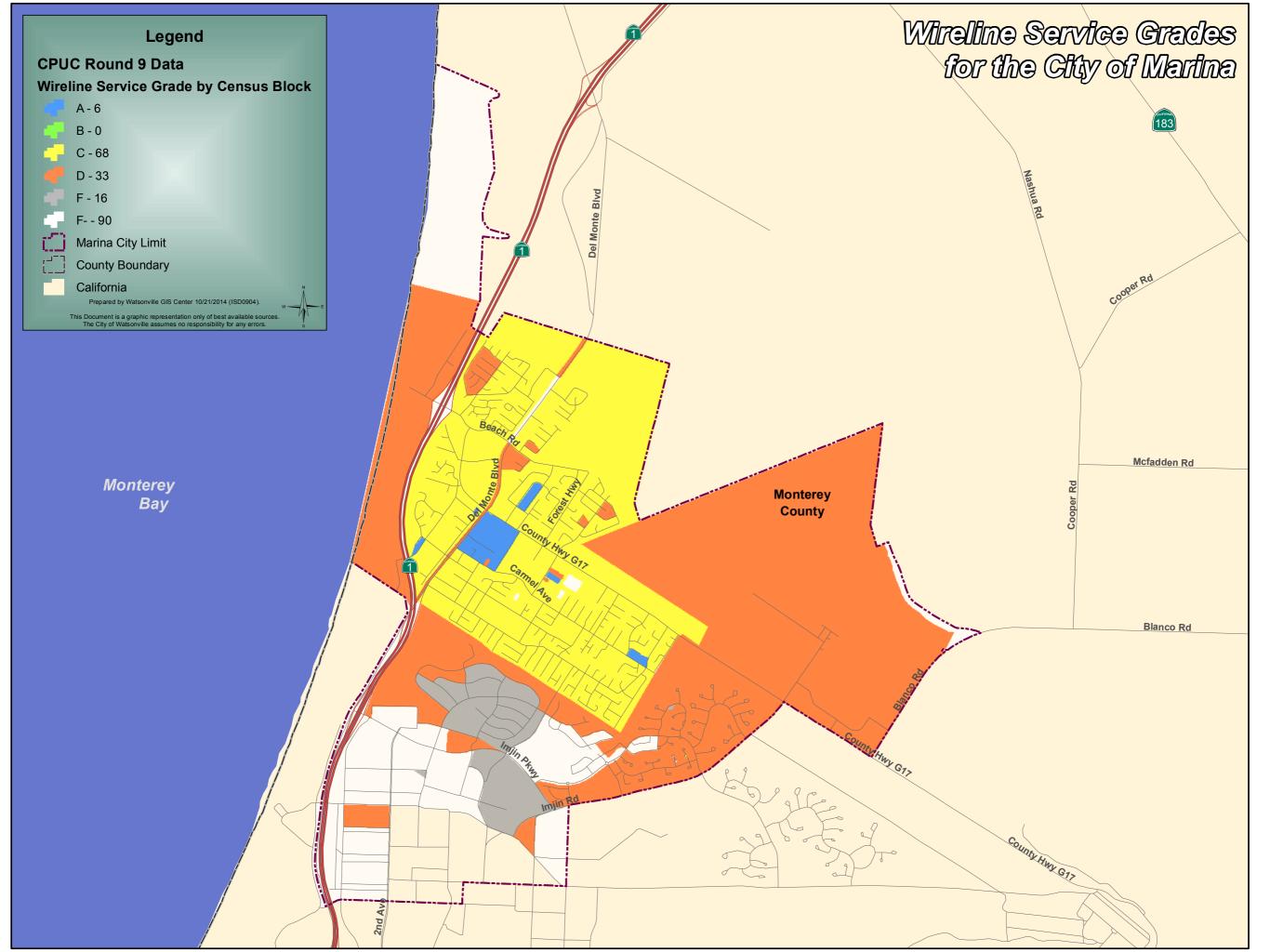
Will evaluate other possible support as we go

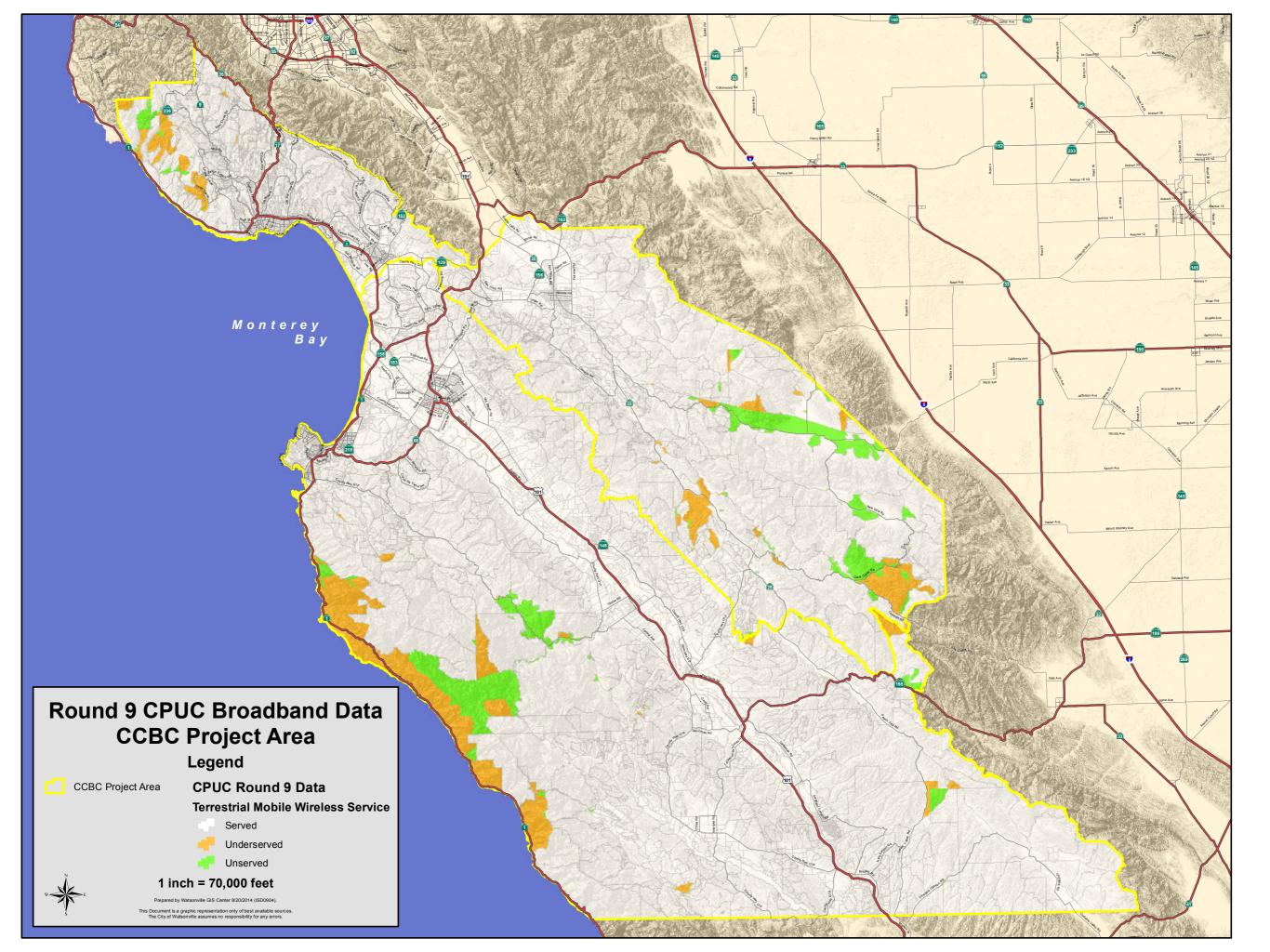
CCBC will support CASF & federal grant/loan applications

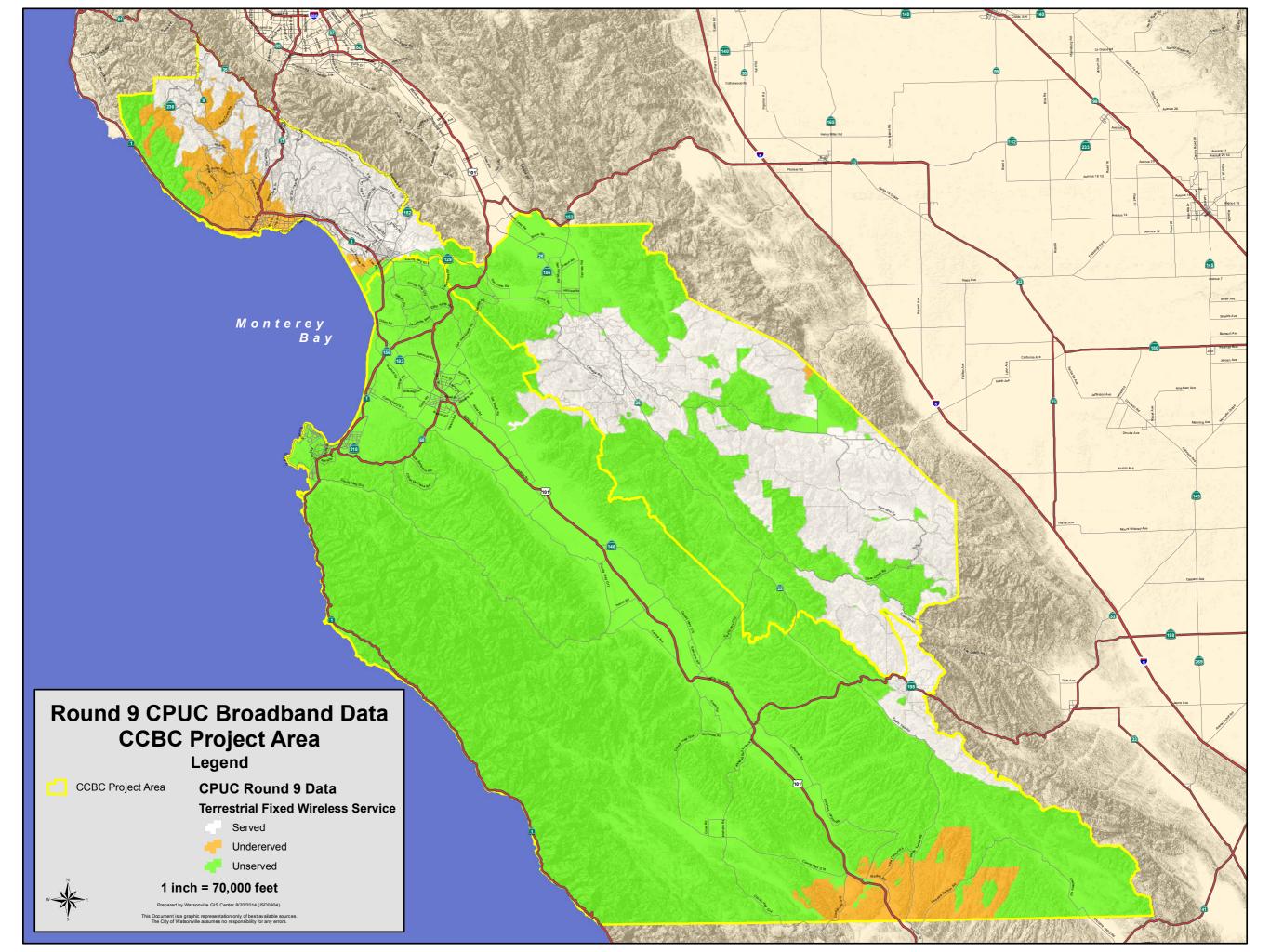
Available to any qualified applicant on a neutral basis

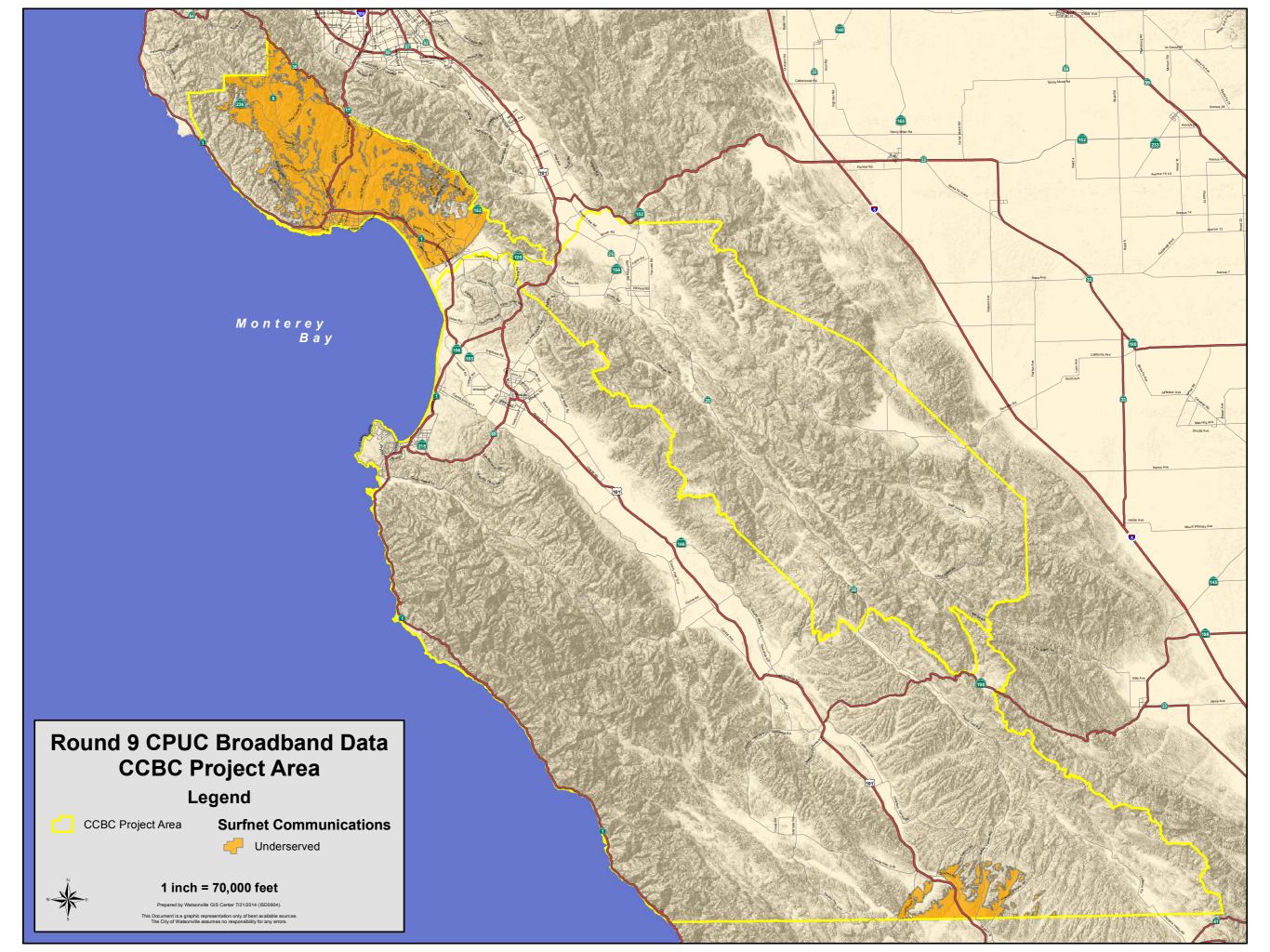












Questions



http://www.Civinomics.com

Back-up Slides



	CASF-					
	eligible	TT	Housing	Anchor	Area	Household
Community	population	Households	units	institutions	(sq mi)	Income
Greenfield	16,330	3,460	3,752	14	2.1	\$55,591
King City	12,874	3,008	3,218	19	4.0	\$49,747
Gonzales	8,187	1,906	1,989	7	1.9	\$55,251
Soledad	15,205	3,552	3,755	21	3.1	\$50,265
Castroville CDP	5,928	1,364	1,431	6	0.9	\$53,160
Aromas CDP & area	3,596	1,242	1,312	3	18.6	\$62,446
Chualar CDP	1,190	245	251	1	0.6	\$65,771
Pleasure Point CDP	1,043	485	603	0	1.5	\$46,608
Twin Lakes CDP	450	245	371	1	0.6	\$48,389
Airport/Northeast	2,768	895	954	2	38.7	\$77,175
Soquel CDP	496	288	311	0	0.1	\$76,639
Cienega Road area	173	58	59	0	1.5	\$64,659
Brookdale CDP	413	154	187	0	0.5	\$84,134
Total	68,653	16,902	18,193	74	74.0	

Rankings done by county and regionally

Posted as a workshop on Civinomics.com

Broadband Priority Goals

- 1. Greatest good for the greatest number of people
- 2. Necessarily, identify feasible project areas

Give equal consideration to everyone

Not a contest to see who's the loudest voice in the room

Analysis based on...

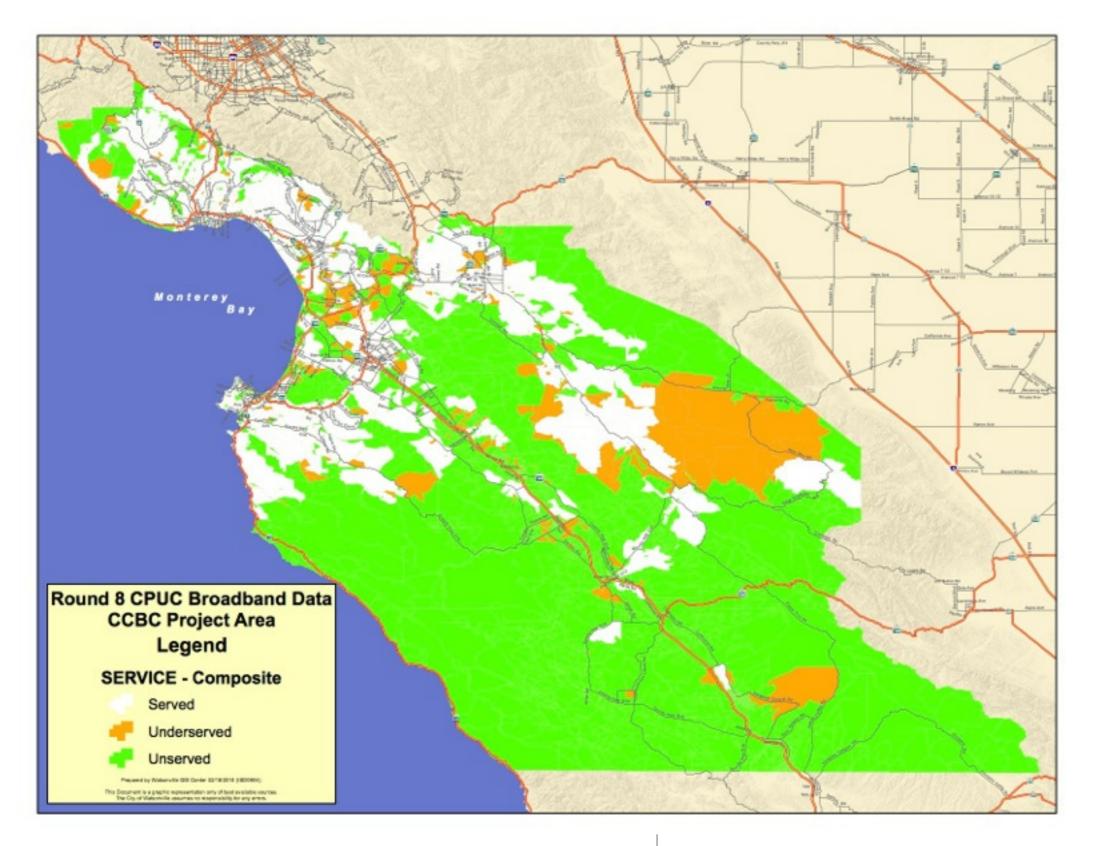
1. CASF eligibility

2. Social/economic impact and feasibility

- Number of people
- Eligible percentage of community
- Population density
- Anchor institutions
- Median income

CPUC and census data only

Lower household income ranked higher



City/CBD analysis captured Monterey, Santa Cruz

Unattached census blocks have few people, poor business potential

